

Telephone: 0469557416/ 0830861407 Roll number: 18344I

Code of Behaviour 2025 - 2028

Principal: Mícheál Brennan

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Deputy Principal: Anna Flynn

Good behaviour is based on good relations between all school stakeholders: parent(s)/guardian(s)s, pupils and school staff. In *SN Mhuire (Moynalvey NS)*, we hope to foster this ideal in co-operation with our parent(s)/guardian(s). We have adopted a positive code of behaviour with emphasis on encouragement and reward so that good behaviour can prevail in our school.

The Board of Management (BoM) of the school has ultimate responsibility for behaviour in the school. Within the school, the overall day to day responsibility for behaviour rests with the principal. Each teacher has the responsibility for the maintenance of good behaviour and good order within his/her classroom while sharing a common responsibility for good behaviour within the school premises.

Parent(s)/guardian(s) can support the school by encouraging their children to understand the need for school rules, and by communicating any relevant concerns to the school.

This Code of Behaviour was drawn up in consultation with the stakeholders of the school. Staff were asked for their input on the Code of Behaviour during a Croke Park workshop in December 2024. Parent(s)/guardian(s) were sent a Google Forms survey via Aladdin in December 2024 asking for their input. Finally a random selection of pupils were invited to take part in a focus group in January 2025 where they were asked a series of open-ended questions in relation to the Code of Behaviour.

Aims of the code

The aims of the code are as follows:

- To create a positive learning environment that encourages and reinforces good behaviour
- To promote self-esteem and positive relationships
- To encourage consistency of response to both positive and negative behaviour
- To foster a sense of responsibility and self-discipline in pupils and to support good behaviour patterns based on consideration and respect for the rights of others
- To facilitate the education and development of every child
- To foster caring attitudes to one another and to the environment
- To enable teachers to teach without disruption

- To ensure that the school's expectations and strategies are widely known and understood through the parent's handbook, availability of policies and an ethos of open communication
- To encourage the involvement of both home and school in the implementation of this
 policy

Responsibility of Adults

The adults encountered by the children at school have an important responsibility to model high standards of behaviour, both in their dealings with the children and with each other, as their example has an important influence on the children.

As adults we should aim to:

- Create a positive climate with realistic expectations.
- Promote positive behaviour, through example, honesty and courtesy.
- Provide a caring and effective learning environment.
- Encourage relationships based on kindness, respect and understanding of the needs of others.
- Ensure fair treatment for all regardless of age, gender, race, ability and disability.
- Show appreciation of the efforts and contribution of all.
- To discourage physical aggression and encourage 'Kind Hands, Kind Words, Kind Feet'.

A Code of Conduct for staff, pupils and volunteers ensures that the rights of all are upheld.

School Rules

The follow represents the rules of the school, underpinning the aims of the Code of Behaviour:

- 1. We are safe in school.
- 2. We ensure others are safe in school.
- 3. We show respect for self and others
- 2. We show respect for our own property and the property of others
- 3. We show respect other pupils and their learning
- 4. We are kind and willing to help others
- 5. We follow instructions from staff immediately
- 6. We walk quietly in the school building
- 7. We show courtesy and good manners
- 8. We try to use respectful ways of resolving difficulties and conflict
- 9. We ask permission to leave the classroom/school.
- 10. We do our best in class
- 11. We take responsibility for your own work
- 12. We wear the appropriate uniform.
- 13. We use Information Communication Technology (ICT) appropriately.

These can be summed up as 6 Golden Rules:

- 1. Listen to learn; hands up for your turn!
- 2. Being kind is really neat: we always use kind words, hands and feet!
- 3. Telling the truth is what we do! Always be honest true and true!
- 4. In the line and in the school; quiet walking is the rule!
- 5. Care for equipment, keep things pristine. We leave our school nice and clean!
- 6. Down to work, without delay; always respect what the teacher has to say!

These 6 "Golden Rules" will be the main ones used in school. One rule will be discussed each week at assembly, with a focus on it for that week. Therefore each rule should be reinforced every half-term. Rules apply during school-time and during all school related activities.

Class Rules/Class Contract

At the beginning of each academic year, the class teacher will draft a list of class rules with the children, based closely on the "Golden Rules". Class rules will be kept to a minimum and are devised with regard for the health, safety and welfare of all members of the school community. Where possible they emphasise positive behaviour (e.g. 'Walk' and not, 'Don't run'). Rules will be applied in a fair and consistent manner, with due regard to the age of the pupils and to individual difference. Where difficulties arise, parents will be contacted at an early stage. Older classes should complete an SPHE lesson where there is a class contract. Pupils come up with the rules as a class and there is ownership over it by all pupils and the class teacher signing the rules.

Incentives

Part of the vision of SN Mhuire (Moynalvey NS) is to help children achieve their personal best and thus prepare them for further education, life and work. We recognise that there are many different forms of intelligence and similarly that children use a variety of approaches to solve problems. Our reward system seeks to provide encouragement to all children of all abilities and talents. Children will be encouraged, praised and listened to by adults in the school. Praise is earned by the maintenance of good standards as well as by particularly noteworthy personal achievements. Rates of praise for behaviour should be as high as for work

The following are some samples of how praise might be given:

- A quiet word or gesture to show approval
- A comment in a pupil's copy or homework journal
- A "shout-out" at the weekly assembly
- Delegating some special responsibility or privilege
- A mention to parent(s)/guardian(s) through written or verbal communication

The school has number of incentives that encourage pupil to maintain good behaviour. These incentives are classified as <u>privileges</u>. A list of privileges include, but not limited to, are the following:

- Field trips
- Playing in sports matches
- Annual school tours
- Special guests

Within the classroom teachers should have their own reward schemes. The rewards of these schemes **should not involve food/treats/sweets**. Instead rewards should be positive and some suggestions include:

- A homework pass
- Letting the pupil sit in teacher's chair
- Raffle for prizes/lucky dip (non-food)
- Pick a song for the class playlist
- · Additional time at the end of break
- Additional time on Chromebooks
- Golden-Time

Unacceptable Behaviour

Three levels of misbehaviour are recognised:

- Minor
- Serious
- Gross

All everyday instances of a minor nature are dealt with by the class teacher, or the supervising teacher at break-times. The supervising teacher will report back to the class teacher as the class teacher is responsible for recording the child's behaviour.

Serious and Gross misbehaviour are automatically referred to the principal. In cases of repeated serious misbehaviour or single instances of gross misbehaviour parents will be involved at an early stage and invited to meet the teacher and/or the principal to discuss their child's behaviour.

Examples of minor misbehaviour include:

- Interrupting classwork
- Running in the school building
- Littering around the school
- Being discourteous or unmannerly
- Not completing homework without a note
- Inappropriate behaviour or gestures
- Name calling
- Talking out of turn
- Not wearing appropriate uniform

Examples of serious misbehaviour include:

- Constant disruption to class
- Telling lies
- Blackmail
- Persistently not working to full potential
- Damaging others' property

- Breaking a Bullying Promise
- · Answering back a teacher
- Continuously not completing homework
- Endangering self or fellow pupils in the class or the yard.
- Using unacceptable language
- Inappropriate internet use
- Deliberate, continual disobedience
- Spitting

Examples of gross misbehaviour include:

- Bringing weapons/dangerous substances to school
- Smoking/vaping
- Stealing
- Setting fire to school property
- Activating school fire alarm without cause
- Leaving the school premises without permission
- Mitching
- Breaking a second Bullying Promise
- Aggressive, threatening or violet behaviour to member of the school community
- Assault
- 3 Red Cards in a term

Bullying

Bullying is a behaviour that meets the following three criteria:

- Repeated i.e. it happens more than once.
- Deliberate i.e. it was intentional.
- Hurtful i.e. it harmed the victim.

Furthermore there are three categories of bullying:

- PHYSICAL: includes pushing, shoving, punching, kicking, poking, tripping, etc.
- VERBAL: name calling which hurts, insults or humiliates.
- EMOTIONAL: threats or persistent hurtful remarks regarding sensitive areas e.g. appearance, dress, progress, colour, culture and disability. Isolating or shunning a child. Threats to extort money or possessions. "Cyber/text" bullying.

The processes of dealing with bullying is outlined in the schools Anti-Bullying policy as part of *Bi Cinéalta* guidelines. Therefore bullying will be dealt with slightly differently. Nonetheless the school takes particular care to intervene early in responding to the needs, fears or anxieties of individual members in a sensitive manner. Issues in relation to Bullying are explored continually during SPHE lessons and using Circle Time, Drama etc.

Should a parent/guardian have any concerns which need to be discussed with a teacher, all staff members are more than willing to facilitate a meeting, made through the proper channels i.e. a phone call to the office, or a note to the class teacher to arrange a convenient time for both parties. The first person to be informed should be the class teacher.

Sanctions

The purpose of a sanction is to bring about a change in behaviour by:

- helping pupils to learn that their behaviour is unacceptable
- helping them to recognise the effect of their actions and behaviour on others
- helping pupils (in ways appropriate to their age and development) to understand that they have choices about their own behaviour and that all choices have consequences
- helping them to learn to take responsibility for their behaviour.

A sanction may also:

- reinforce the boundaries set out in the code of behaviour
- signal to other pupils and to staff that their wellbeing is being protected.

In instances of more serious breaches of school standards, sanctions may be needed to:

- prevent serious disruption of teaching and learning
- keep the pupil, or other pupils or adults, safe.

Sanctions in SN Mhuire (Moynalvey NS) follow the "steps" concept. The following steps will be taken when a child behaves inappropriately. Teachers use the method of the "steps." If a child transgresses through a minor misbehaviour, he/she moves up the step with the consequence of each step being more significant and involving more stakeholders. The aim of any sanction is to prevent the behaviour occurring again and if necessary to help the pupil devise strategies for this. The steps are as follows:

- 1. **Verbal Warning:** the child is reminded about their behaviour by the teacher and the consequences of continuing this behaviour. Class teachers should note a verbal warning, even if it's from another teacher as they are ultimately in charge of recording.
- Verbal Reprimand: the child is told that their behaviour is not acceptable and that
 they have already received a warning about their behaviour. The class teacher reminds
 the pupil of the next consequence.
- 3. **Reflection Sheet:** the child receives a reflection sheet to be completed at home. The reflection sheet is included in the appendices of this policy. Parent(s)/guardian(s) are notified at this stage as the reflection sheet must be signed by a parent/guardian and returned to school the following day.
- 4. **Time Out:** the pupil is given a time out at break. The class teacher telephones the parent(s)/guardian(s) to let them know about this and outlines the steps so far. The principal also speaks with the pupil about their behaviour during the time out and notifies them of the consequences.
- 5. Yellow Card: the pupil is given a Yellow Card which can be found in the appendices of this policy and is on Aladdin. The Yellow Card issue sheet is sent home by the class teacher and must be signed by a parent/guardian and the class teacher. The pupil also misses a privilege. At this stage, the principal is notified about the Yellow Card and will once again speak with the pupil.

NOTE: Serious misbehaviour goes to an automatic Yellow Card.

- 6. Orange Card: the pupil is given an Orange Card which can be found in the appendices of this policy and is on Aladdin. The Orange Card issue sheet is sent home by the class teacher and must be signed by a parent/guardian, the class teacher and principal. Should the principal be in the role of class teacher, the deputy principal will countersign. At this stage a meeting is held between the class teacher and the child's parent(s)/guardian(s) regarding their behaviour. The pupil also misses another privilege.
- 7. **Red Card:** the pupil is given a Red Card which can be found in the appendices of this policy and is on Aladdin. The Red Card is sent home by the class teacher and must be signed by a parent/guardian, the class teacher, the principal and the chairperson of the BoM. Should the principal be in the role of class teacher, the deputy principal will countersign. At this stage a meeting is held between the class teacher, the child's parent(s)/guardian(s) and the principal regarding their behaviour. Should the principal be in the role of class teacher, the deputy principal will also be in attendance.
- 8. Suspension: the pupil is temporarily excluded from school, in accordance with Rule 130 of the Rules for National Schools as amended by circular and Education Welfare Act 2000, section 23. A suspension issue is signed by the principal. NOTE: Gross misbehaviour goes to an automatic Suspension.
- 9. **Expulsion:** the pupil is permanently excluded from school, in accordance with Rule 130 of the Rules for National Schools as amended by circular and Education Welfare Act 2000. A notice of intention to expel a student, found in the appendices, must be signed by the BoM and sent to *Túsla Education Support Services* [TESS]. The grounds to appeal an expulsion are under Section 29 of the Education Act, 1998.

A "<u>clean slate</u>" occurs when the child returns to the initial step of the sanctions i.e. below Step 1. This gives each pupil the opportunity to start afresh and take the sanctions as an opportunity to learn and grow.

- Steps 1 and 2: the clean slate begins at the start of the following school day. However if the teacher feels that there is a repeated transgression, he/she can exercise their professional judgement to move onto Step 3.
- Steps 3 to 7: the clean slate begins a rolling fortnight from the date of the last sanction. So for example:
 - Child A is given a reflection sheet on January 17th. The clean slate would begin on January 31st.
 - Child B is given a reflection sheet on January 19th, a time out on January 23rd and a Yellow Card on January 27th. The clean slate would begin on February 10th.
- Step 8: a clean slate begins once the suspension has been served.

Record keeping is important in all cases of delivering sanctions. It allows for all stakeholders to be aware of what issues have occurred and when issues have occurred. It also provides a record for stakeholders to notice any patterns that may indicate a deeper issue with a pupil. Records are kept electronically via the Aladdin software.

Suspension

Before serious sanctions from Step 5 onwards are used, the normal channels of communication between school and parents will be utilised. Communication with parents will

be verbal or in writing, depending on the step. For gross misbehaviour or repeated instances of serious misbehaviour suspension may be considered. Aggressive, threatening or violent behaviour towards a teacher or pupil will be regarded as gross misbehaviour.

The BoM may delegate to the Principal the right to suspend a student from school up to three days. Where this authority is delegated to the Principal, the delegation should be done formally and in writing. If a suspension is to last longer than three days, the matter should be referred to the BoM for consideration and approval.

Factors to consider before suspending a student include:

- The nature and serious of the behaviour
- The context of the beahviour
- The impact of the behaviour
- The interventions tried to date
- Whether suspension is a proportionate response
- The possible impact of suspension

The procedure for issuing a suspension are as follows:

- 1. The parent(s)/guardian(s) are informed in writing.
- 2. The parent(s)/guardian(s) are given the opportunity to respond. The essential part of any fair procedure needs to be:
 - a. The right to be heard
 - b. The right to impartiality
- 3. The procedures in relation to suspension need to followed. This includes the period for how long the suspension should last

If a student is suspended for a period of not less than 6 consecutive school days then the school is obliged to report this to *tess*. If a student is suspended for a shorter period(s) then it must be counted in the aggregate number of absences and if the student exceeds 20 days absence (including any suspensions) then this should be reported through the normal referral and reporting processes. A ceiling of ten days of any one period of suspension will be imposed by the BoM.

The implementation of the suspension follows the following procedure:

- A written notification is sent to the parent(s)/guardian(s) and the student regarding the decision to suspend. The letter should include:
- The period of suspension, including the dates of beginning and ending.
- The reason for suspension.
- Any study programme to be followed.

- The arrangements for returning to school, including any commitments to be entered into by the student and the parent(s)/guardian(s)
- The provision for an appeal to the BoM
- The right to appeal to the Secretary General of the DoE (section 29 of *Education Act* 1998).

A suspension may be removed if:

- The BoM decides to remove the suspension
- The Secretary General of the DoE directs that it be removed

Following or during a period of suspension, the parent(s)/guardian(s) may apply to have the pupil reinstated to the school. The parent(s)/guardian(s) must give a satisfactory undertaking that a suspended pupil will behave in accordance with the school code and the principal must be satisfied that the pupil's reinstatement will not constitute a risk to the pupil's own safety or that of the other pupils or staff. The principal will facilitate the preparation of a behaviour plan for the pupil if required and will re-admit the pupil formally to the class. A clean slate is issued to the student.

Expulsion

The BoM has the authority to expel a student and it is not delegated solely to the principal. Expulsion should be considered in extremely rare circumstances. The grounds for expulsion should in extreme cases of unacceptable beahaviour. The school should take significant steps to address misbehaviour and avoid explusion, including:

- Meeting with parent(s)/guardian(s) and the student to find ways of helping the student to change their behaviour.
- Making sure that the student understands the possible consquences of their behaviour, if it should persist.
- Ensuring that all other possible options have been tried.
- Seeking support the assistance of support agencies e.g. National Educational Psychological Service, Health Service Executive, Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services, National Council for Special Education

A proposal to expel a student requires serious grounds such as:

- The student's behaviour is a persistent cause of significant disruption to the learning of others or to the teaching process.
- The student's continued presence in the school constitutes a real and significant threat to safety
- The student is responsible for serious damage to property.

Factors to consider before expelling a student include:

• The nature and serious of the behaviour

- The context of the beahviour
- The impact of the behaviour
- The interventions tried to date
- Whether expulsion is a proportionate response
- The possible impact of expulsion

The procedure for expelling a student are found under Sections 10.3 and 10.4 of the *Education (Welfare) Act 2000* and include:

- 1. A detailed investigation carried out under the direction of the Principal
- 2. A recommendation to the BoM by the Principal
- Consideration by the BoM of the Principal's recommendation and the holding of a hearing.
- 4. BoM deliberations and actions following the hearing
- 5. Consultation arranged by the Educational Welfare Officer
- 6. Confirmation of the decision to expel. This should include:
 - a. A written notification is sent to the parent(s)/guardian(s) and the student regarding the decision to expel. The letter should include:
 - i. The reason for expulsion.
 - ii. The provision for an appeal to the BoM
 - iii. The right to appeal to the Secretary General of the DoE (section 29 of *Education Act 1998*).

Further details of this information can be found in Chapters 10-12 of *Developing a Code of Behaviour: Guidelines for Schools* by the National Educational Welfare Board.

Children with Additional Educational Needs

All children are required to comply with the code of behaviour. However the school recognises that children with additional educational needs may require assistance in understanding certain rules. Specialised behaviour plans will be put in place in consultation with parents and the class teacher, special education teacher (SET) and/or principal will work closely with home to ensure that optimal support is given. Cognitive development will be taken into account at all times. Professional advice from psychological assessments will be invaluable.

The children in the class or school may be taught strategies to assist a pupil with special needs adhere to the rules and thus provide peer support. This will be done in a supportive and safe way, acknowledging and respecting the difference in all individuals.

Communicating with Parent(s)/Guardian(s)

Communicating with parent(s)/guardian(s) is central to maintaining a positive approach to

dealing with children. Parent(s)/guardian(s) and teachers should develop a joint strategy to address specific difficulties, in addition to sharing a broader philosophy which can be implemented at home and in school.

A high level of co-operation and open communication is seen as an important factor encouraging positive behaviour in the school. Structures and channels designed to maintain a high level of communication among staff and between staff, pupils and parent(s)/guardian(s) have been established and are being reviewed regularly. Parent(s)/guardian(s) are encouraged to talk in confidence to teachers about any significant developments in a child's life (in the past or present), which may affect the child's behaviour.

The following methods of communication are to be used within the school:

- Telephone
- Letter
- Aladdin
- Annual Parent-Teacher meetings
- Weekly Wednesday Message
- Half-Term School Newsletter
- School Website

This policy was ratified by the Board of Management on $\frac{90}{100}$ / $\frac{1}{1000}$. It will be reviewed by the BoM on $\frac{30}{100}$.

Frank Mactin (Chairperson of BoM)

Mícheál Brennan (Principal)



Telephone: 0469557416/ 0830861407 Roll number: 18344I

Principal: Mícheál Brennan Deputy Principal: Anna Flynn

Code of Behaviour - Addendum 1

The Board of Management (BoM) of SN Mhuire (Moynalvey NS) acknowledge the addition of the following misbehaviours to the Code of Behaviour and their categories:

Serious Misbehaviour

- Intent to cause harm to a member of the school community
- Gossiping
- Withholding of information relating to the potential harm of a member of the school community.
- Swinging from goalposts

Gross Misbehaviour

- Possession of an object with an intent to cause harm to a member of the school community.
- Orchestrating an attack on a member of the school community.
- Using language towards a member of the school community that is abusive, derogatory or discriminatory.

These addendums to the policy were ratified by the Board of Management on 31/03/2025 It will be reviewed by the BoM on 20/01/2028.

Frank Martin (Chairperson of BoM)

Mícheál Brennan (Principal)



Telephone: 0469557416/ 0830861407 Roll number: 18344I

Principal: Mícheál Brennan Deputy Principal: Anna Flynn

31st of March 2025

To whom it may concern,

The Board of Management of SN Mhuire (Moynalvey NS) met on 31st of March 2025. Under the NEWB's "Developing a Code of Behaviour, Guidelines for Schools" the Board of Management have delegated the authority to the principal (and deputy principal in their absence) to exercise their discretion to suspend pupils for up to 5 days for breach of the school's Code of Behaviour.

Yours faithfully,

Frank Martin (Chairperson BoM)



Telephone: 0469557416/ 0830861407 Roll number: 18344I

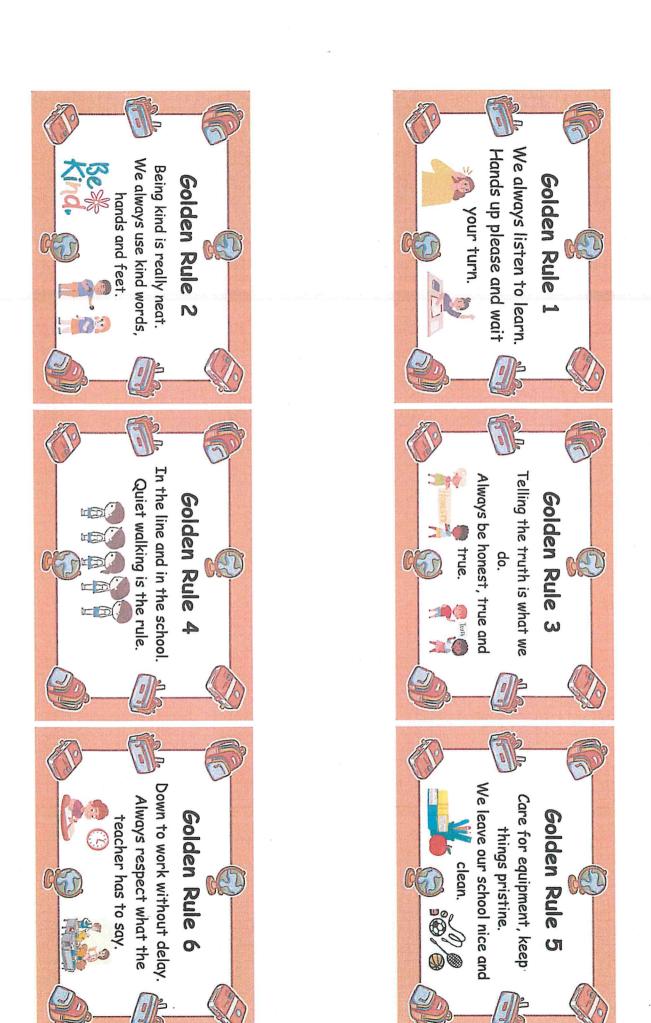
Principal: Mícheál Brennan

Appendices

Deputy Principal: Anna Flynn

SN Mhuire (Moynalvey NS) - Code of Behaviour

- 1. 6 Golden Rules
- 2. Classification of Misbehaviours
- 3. Code of Behaviour Sanctions Display
- 4. Reflection Sheet
- 5. Yellow Card Issue Sheet
- 6. Orange Card Issue Sheet
- 7. Red Card Issue Sheet
- 8. Abridged Code of Behaviour for Parent(s)/Guardian(s)



Classification of Misbehaviours*

Minor Misbehaviour	Serious Misbehaviour	sbehaviour	Gross 1	Gross Misbehaviour
 Interrupting classwork 	• 00	Constant disruption to class	•	Bringing weapons/dangerous substances to
 Running in the school building 	• Te	Telling lies		school
 Littering around the school 	• Blo	Blackmail	•	Possession of an object with an intent to
 Being discourteous or unmannerly 	• Pe	Persistently not working to full potential		cause harm to a member of the school
 Not completing homework without a note 	•	Damaging others' property		community
 Inappropriate behaviour or gestures 	• Br	Breaking a Bullying Promise	•	Smoking/vaping
Name calling	• Ar	Answering back a teacher	•	Stealing
 Talking out of turn 	• 00	Continuously not completing homework	•	Setting fire to school property
 Not wearing appropriate uniform 	•	Endangering self or fellow pupils in the	•	Activating school fire alarm without cause
	clc	class or the yard.	•	Leaving the school premises without
	• Us	Using unacceptable language		permission
	• In	Inappropriate internet use	•	Mitching
	• De	Deliberate, continual disobedience	•	Breaking a second Bullying Promise
	• Sp	Spitting	•	Aggressive, threatening or violet behaviour
2	• In	Intent to cause harm to a member of the		to member of the school community.
	SC	school community.	•	Orchestrating an attack on a member of
	• 60	Gossiping		the school community.
	•	Withholding of information relating to the	•	Using language towards a member of the
	ь	potential harm of a member of the school		school community that is abusive,
	co	community.		derogatory or discriminatory.
	• Sv	Swinging from goalposts.		Assault
			•	3 Red Cards in a term**
Start at Step 1 of the Code of Behaviour Steps, i.e.	Start at S	Start at Step 5 of the Code of Behaviour Steps, i.e.	Start a	Start at Step 8 of the Code of Behaviour Steps, i.e.
a verbal warning.	a yellow card	<u>i</u>		

**A term counts as Year Start to Christmas, January to Easter, Easter to Year End *List is non-exhaustive and has been updated by the BoM on 31/03/2025

Behaviour Steps

Gross misbehaviour





8: Suspension

Expulsion

7: Red Card

Meeting with Orange Card

6: Orange Card

Red Card

Meeting with principal and teacher, parents.

teacher and parents.

informed at Step 3.

Parents

Principal informed at

Step 4.

Clean Slate

sanction i.e. two weeks fortnight from the tast A clean slate begins a for Steps 3 to 7

1: Verbal Warning

2: Verbal Reprimand

3: Reflection Sheet

Reflection Sheet

Sent home and

signed by parents.

4: Time Out







SN Mhuire (Moynalvey NS) Behaviour Reflection Sheet

Name: 7	Teacher:
Class:	Date:
What behaviour today that got me a	reflection sheet?
How did this make me feel (why)?	
How did this make my teacher feel (why)?
How did this make other students fe	
How did this make my parent(s)/guan	rdian(s) feel (why)?
What can I do to make sure this doe	s not happen again?
Signed:	(Pupil)
	(Class Teacher)
	(Parent(s)/Guardian(s))
Clean Slate (fortnight from today's o	late):



SN Mhuire (Moynalvey NS) Yellow Card Issue Sheet

N	ame	e of Pupil:	
Cl	ass	s Teacher:	
Do	ate	of Yellow Card:	
Co	de	of Behaviour Steps (date and reasoning):	
	1.	. Verbal Warning:	
		. Verbal Reprimand:	
		. Reflection Sheet:	
			s 🗆 No 🗆
	4.	. Time Out:	
		When did the time-out occur:	
		And the second s	s 🗆 No 🗆
		Has the class teacher telephoned the parent(s)/guardian(s)?Ye	s 🗆 No 🗆
	5.	. Yellow Card:	
		Serious Misbehaviour 🗆 Code of Behaviour Steps 🗆	
		If the yellow card was automatically given due to serious misbe	haviour,
		please outline:	
		Has Principal been notified about yellow card?	s 🗆 No 🗆
		Was yellow card issue sheet sent home?	s 🗆 No 🗆
		What privilege will be missed:	
	6.	. Clean Slate begins (a rolling fortnight from today's date):	
		Signed:(Class Teacher)	
		(Demont /Counties	



SN Mhuire (Moynalvey NS) Orange Card Issue Sheet

Name o	of Pupil:		
Class T	Feacher:		
Date o	f Orange Card:		
Code of	f Behaviour Steps (date and reasoning):		
1.	Verbal Warning:		
2.	Verbal Reprimand:		
3.	Reflection Sheet:		
	Did parents sign reflection sheet:	Yes □	No □
4.	Time Out:		
	When did the time-out occur:		
	Did the student chat with the principal?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
	Has the class teacher telephoned the parent(s)/g	uardian(s)? Yes 🗆	No □
5.	Yellow Card:		
	Serious Misbehaviour 🗆 Code of Behaviour Step	s 🗆	
	If the yellow card was automatically given due to	serious misbehaviour, plea	se outline:
	-		
	Has the principal been notified about yellow card	Yes 🗆	No □
	Was yellow card issue sheet sent home and signed	i? Yes 🗆	No □
	What privilege will be missed:		
6.	Orange Card:		
	Has Principal been notified about the orange card	? Yes 🗆	No □
	Was orange card issue sheet sent home?	Yes □	No □
	When and where had meeting between teacher an	d parents been arranged?	
	What privilege will be missed:		
7.	Clean Slate begins (a rolling fortnight from today	's date):	×
	Signed:	(Class Teacher/Principal)	
		(Principal/Deputy Principa	d)
		(Parent/Guardian)	



SN Mhuire (Moynalvey NS) Red Card Issue Sheet

Name o	f Pupil:			
Class To	eacher:		*	
Date of	Red Card:			
Code of	Behaviour Steps (d	ate and reasoning):		
1.	Verbal Warning:			
2.	Verbal Reprimand:			
3.	Reflection Sheet:			
	Did parents sign re	flection sheet:	Yes 🗆	No □
4.	Time Out:	:		
	When did the time	out occur:		
	Did the student ch	at with the principal?	Yes □	No □
	Has the class teach	er telephoned the parent(s)/guardian(s)? Yes 🗆	No □
5.	Yellow Card:			
	Serious Misbehavio	ur 🗆 Code of Behaviour Steps 🗅		
	If the yellow card	vas automatically given due to serious !	nisbehaviour, please outline	:
	-	The second secon		
	Has Principal been	notified about yellow card?	Yes □	No □
	Was yellow card iss	ue sheet sent home and signed by pare	ents? Yes 🗆	No □
	What privilege will	be missed:		
6.	Orange Card:			
	Has Principal been 1	notified about the orange card?	Yes □	No □
	Was orange card is	sue sheet sent and signed by the paren	ts? Yes 🗆	No □
	When and where ho	d meeting between teacher and parent	s been arranged?	
	What privilege will	be missed:		
7.	Has Principal been 1	notified about this red card?	Yes 🗆	No □
	Has red card issue	sheet sent home to the parents?	Yes 🗆	No □
	When and where ha	s meeting between teacher, principal a	nd parents been arranged?	
	Has Chairperson be	en notified about this red card?	Yes □	No 🗆
8.	Clean Slate begins (a rolling fortnight from today's date):		
	Signed:	(Class	:Teacher)	**
	-igneur	(Princ		
	•		rperson of BoM)	
			person of bow)	



Telephone: 0469557416/ 0830861407

Roll number: 18344I

Principal: Mícheál Brennan

Deputy Principal: Anna Flynn

Abridged Code of Behaviour 2025-2028

Introduction

The Code of Behaviour (CoB) for SN Mhuire (Moynalvey NS) was drawn up in consultation with the stakeholders of the school: the staff, the pupils and the parent(s)/guardian(s). It was ratified by the Board of Management (BoM) on 20th January 2025 and will be reviewed around 20th January 2028.

Positive Behaviour

The practice of positive behaviour is instilled in Moynalvey NS through our 6 Golden Rules:

- Listen to learn; hands up for your turn!
- Being kind is really neat: we always use kind words, hands and feet!
- Telling the truth is what we do! Always be honest true and true!
- In the line and in the school; quiet walking is the rule!
- Care for equipment, keep things pristine. We leave our school nice and clean
- 6. Down to work, without delay; always respect what the teacher has to say!

The aim of these rules is to foster a safe environment in the school so that learning and child welfare can occur.

Rewards and Privileges

- A <u>reward</u> is a recognition of good behaviour. Rewards are usually given in class by the teacher. They do not involve sweets/treats and arc at the discretion of the class teacher.
- A <u>privilege</u> is an incentive to maintain good behaviour in school. Privileges include field trips, school tours, attending sports events. Certain sanctions on the CoB warrant the removal of such privileges.

Misbehaviour

Misbehaviour can be categorised into three categories. Some examples of each type of behaviour can be seen below:

Z	Minor Misbchaviour	S	Scrious Misbehaviour	G	Gross Misbehaviour	
	Interrupting classwork	•	Constant disruption to		Bringing weapons or	
•	Running in the school		class		dangerous substances to	
	building	•	Telling lies		school	
•	Littering around the	•	Blackmail		Smoking/vaping	
	school		Persistently not working	•	Stealing	
	Being discourteous or		to full potential		Setting fire to school	
	unmannerly	•	Damaging others'		property	
	Not completing		property		Activating school fire	
	homework without a note		Breaking a Bullying		alarm without cause	
	Inappropriate behaviour		Promise		Leaving the school	
	or gestures		Answering back a teacher		premises without	
•	Name calling	•	Continuously not		permission	
•	Talking out of turn		completing homework		Mitching	
	Not wearing appropriate		Endangering self or		Breaking a second	
	uniform		fellow pupils in the class		Bullying Promise	
			or the yard.		Aggressive, threatening	
		•	Using unacceptable		or violet behaviour to	
			language		member of the school	
			Inappropriate internet use		community	26
			Deliberate, continual		Assault	
			disobedience		3 Red Cards in a term	
			Spitting			
				-		

This list is non-exhaustive.

Bullying is defined in our anti-bullying policy and the procedure for dealing with bullying is slightly different.

Sanctions

Misbehaviour warrants sanctions. The sanctions follow the "Steps." The steps are below:

Verbal Warning: the child is reminded about their behaviour by the teacher and the consequences of continuing this behaviour. Class teachers should note a verbal warning, even if it's from another teacher as they are ultimately in charge of recording.

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- Verbal Reprimand: the child is told that their behaviour is not acceptable and that they have already received a warning about their behaviour. The class teacher reminds the pupil of the next consequence.
- Reflection Sheet: the child receives a reflection sheet to be completed at home. The reflection sheet is included in the appendices of this policy. Parent(s)/guardian(s) are notified at this stage as the reflection sheet must be signed by a parent/guardian and returned to school the following day.
- 4. Time Out: the pupil is given a time out at break. The class teacher telephones the parent(s)/guardian(s) to let them know about this and outlines the steps so far. The principal also speaks with the pupil about their behaviour during the time out and notifies them of the consequences.
- 5. Yellow Card: the pupil is given a Yellow Card which can be found in the appendices of this policy and is on Aladdin. The Yellow Card issue sheet is sent home by the class teacher and must be signed by a parent/guardian and the class teacher. The pupil also misses a privilege. At this stage, the principal is notified about the Yellow Card and will once again speak with the pupil.
- NOTE: Serious misbehaviour goes to an automatic Yellow Card.
- 6. Orange Card: the pupil is given an Orange Card which can be found in the appendices of this policy and is on Aladdin. The Orange Card issue sheet is sent home by the class teacher and must be signed by a parent/guardian, the class teacher and principal. Should the principal be in the role of class teacher, the deputy principal will countersign. At this stage a meeting is held between the class teacher and the child's parent(s)/guardian(s) regarding their behaviour. The pupil also misses another privilege.
- 7. Red Card: the pupil is given a Red Card which can be found in the appendices of this policy and is on Aladdin. The Red Card is sent home by the class teacher and must be signed by a parent/guardian, the class teacher, the principal and the chairperson of the BoM. Should the principal be in the role of class teacher, the deputy principal will countersign. At this stage a meeting is held between the class teacher, the child's parent(s)/guardian(s) and the principal regarding their behaviour. Should the principal be in the role of class teacher, the deputy principal will also be in attendance.
- Suspension: the pupil is temporarily excluded from school, in accordance with Rule 130 of the Rules for National Schools as amended by circular and Education Welfare Act 2000, section 23. A suspension issue is signed by the principal. NOTE: Gross misbehaviour goes to an automatic Suspension.
- Expulsion: the pupil is permanently excluded from school, in accordance with Rule
 130 of the Rules for National Schools as amended by circular and Education Welfare
 Act 2000. A notice of intention to expel a student, found in the appendices, must be
 signed by the BoM and sent to Tisla Education Support Services [TESS]. The
 grounds to appeal an expulsion are under Section 29 of the Education Act, 1998.

More details on Steps 8 and 9 can be found on the CoB

Clean Slate

A <u>clean slate</u> occurs when the child returns to the initial step of the sanctions and gives each pupil the opportunity to start affesh and take the sanctions as an opportunity to learn and grow:

- Steps I and 2: the clean slate begins at the start of the following school day. However
 if the teacher feels that there is a repeated transgression, he/she can exercise their
 professional judgement to move onto Step 3.
- Steps 3 to 7: the clean slate begins a rolling fortnight from the date of the last sanction. So for example:
- Step 8: a clean slate begins once the suspension has been served

Children with Additional Educational Needs

All children are required to comply with the code of behaviour. However the school recognises that children with additional educational needs may require assistance in understanding certain rules. Specialised behaviour plans will be put in place in consultation with parents and the class teacher, special education teacher (SET) and/or principal will work closely with home to ensure that optimal support is given. Cognitive development will be taken into account at all times. Professional advice from psychological assessments will be invaluable. The children in the class or school may be taught strategies to assist a pupil with special needs adhere to the rules and thus provide peer support. This will be done in a supportive and safe way, acknowledging and respecting the difference in all individuals.

Communicating with Parent(s)/Guardian(s)

Communicating with parent(s)/guardian(s) is central to maintaining a positive approach to dealing with children. Parent(s)/guardian(s) and teachers should develop a joint strategy to address specific difficulties, in addition to sharing a broader philosophy which can be implemented at home and in school. The following methods of communication are to be used within the school:

- Telephone
- Letter
- Aladdin
- Annual Parent-Teacher meetings
- Weekly Wednesday Message
- Half-Term School Newsletter
- School Website

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